

#### CLIMATE GOVERNANCE: IMPLEMENTING PUBLIC POLICIES TO CALCULATE AND REDUCE ORGANISATIONS CARBON FOOTPRINT « Clim'Foot »



LIFE14 GIC/FR/000475 Paris – June 14, 2018





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# **Programme of the day**

#### Afternoon

	2.00	Monitoring of interest							
	2.15	Policy makers involved in the project share their experiences!							
		Mr Dimitris NIAVIS, Ministry of Environment & Energy/ Climate change Department (Greece)							
		Ms Melita ZDILAR, Ministry of Environment and Energy (Croatia)							
I		Ms Nicoletta FASCETTI LEON, Italian Ministry for the Environment Land and Sea - TAU Sogesid (Italy)							
ol		Ms Barbara KOVÁCS, Ministry of Innovation and Technology (Hungary)							
		Mr Gilles CROQUETTE Ministry for the Ecological and Inclusive Transition (France)							
		Questions & Answers							
-	3.30	Feedbacks of organisations participating in the voluntary programme							
		Mr Dejan MILJENOVIĆ, Faculty of Economics from University of Rijeka (Croatia)							
_ /		Ms Anna MERLIN, Institutional Affairs, International Relations and European Projects, <u>Citta Metropolitana</u> di Torino (Italy)							
		Ms Angéla MOLNÁR & Ms Viktória CHAMIKNÉ PÁL, Bunge Zrt (Hungary)							
		Ms Myriam BEUQUE, Albioma (France)							
		Questions & Answers							
	4.45	Conclusion							

## Morning

9.00	Welcome coffee								
9.30	Welcome speech and presentation of the project:								
	Mr Philippe MASSET (ADEME) & Ms Clémence GRACIA (ADEME)								
10.00	The Clim'Foot database: a common methodology for 5 National databases								
	Ms Francesca REAL ( <i>EcoInnovazione</i> ) and Ms Simona SCALBI ( <i>ENEA</i> )								
10.25	The Bilan Carbone© Clim'Foot tool: an adaptation of the tool for the calculation of carbon footprint of organization								
	Mr Željko JURIĆ (EIHP)								
10.40	Creation and implementation of online and onsite trainings								
	Mr François KORNMANN (IFC) & Mr Lóránt RIESZ (HOI)								
	Questions & Answers								
11.15	Five different voluntary programmes for five countries								
	Ms Louiza PAPAMIKROULI (CRES) & Mr Edouard FOURDRIN (ADEME)								
11.40	The cooperation platform: the flagship tool of the project								
	Ms Clémence GRACIA (ADEME) & Ms Jouairyatou WAGUE (ABC)								
	Questions & Answers								
12.15	Lunch								





## **Countries with us today**







# **Community - Badges**

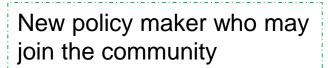


Organisation participating in the voluntary programme







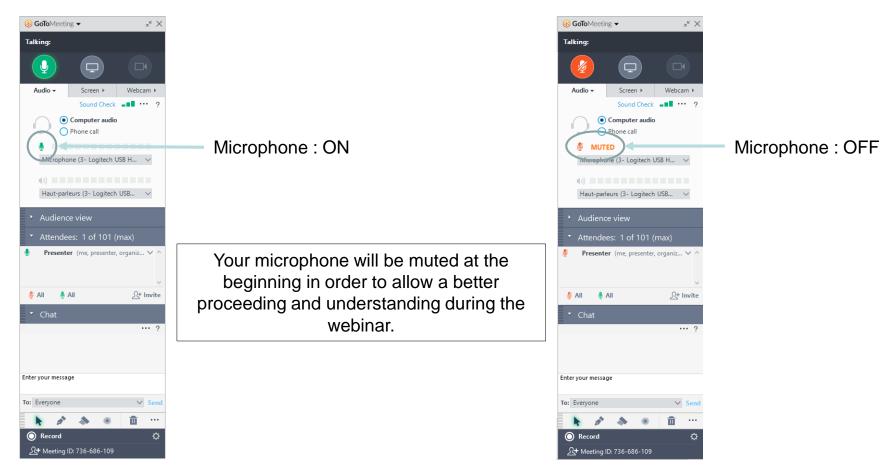




Project partners: ask us question!!



## Go to Meeting





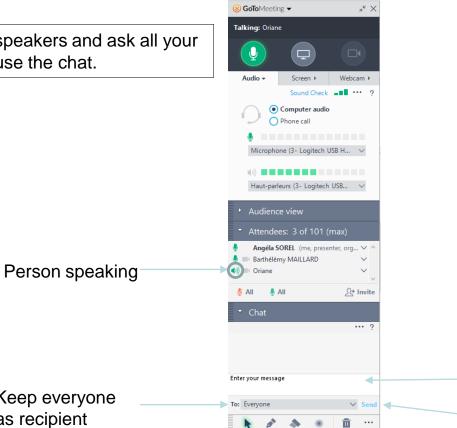




To interact with the speakers and ask all your questions, you can use the chat.

Keep everyone

as recipient



Record

<u>A</u>+ Meeting ID: 736-686-109







- Here to help you voting during the day:
  - Mood question
  - Multi choices question (colors don't mean anything)
- 3 colors



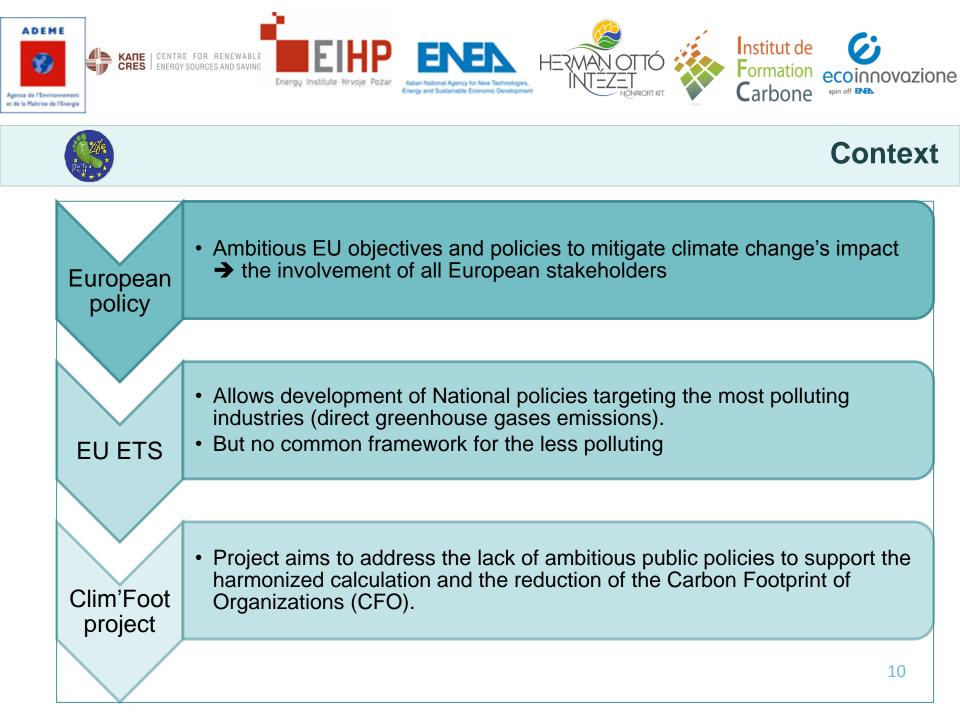


### CLIMATE GOVERNANCE: IMPLEMENTING PUBLIC POLICIES TO CALCULATE AND REDUCE ORGANISATIONS CARBON FOOTPRINT « Clim'Foot »



Clémence Gracia (ADEME) LIFE14 GIC/FR/000475 Paris – June 14, 2018







Italy

## The project

#### **Duration : 36 months**

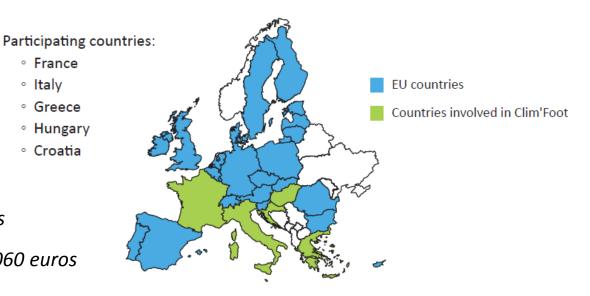
- started in September 1<sup>st</sup>, 2015 • France Ο
- end in August 30<sup>th</sup>, 2018 Ο

#### **Budget information:**

- Total amount: 1 471 767 euros Ο
- % EC co-funding: 60% 
  ⇔ 883 060 euros Ο
- LIFE programme Ο

#### **Project's implementors:**

- Coordinating Beneficiary: ADEME Ο
- Associated Beneficiaries: CRES (Greece), EIHP (Croatia), ENEA (Italy) and HOI (Hungary) + IFC Ο (France) and Ecoinnovazione (Italy) 11







## **Objective of the project**

The **objective** is to provide European policy makers with a validated toolkit for developing and implementing public policies for CFO calculation and reduction.

This project is a **first step** for:

- Gathering stakeholders around this issue of carbon accountability and management and working on capacity building
- Applying the virtuous circle: quantify to know, know to act, act to reduce
- Testing the tools and methodologies developed, for 5 countries
- Harmonizing the implementation of common methodologies (constitution of databases for example)
- Measuring the environmental performance of an organization



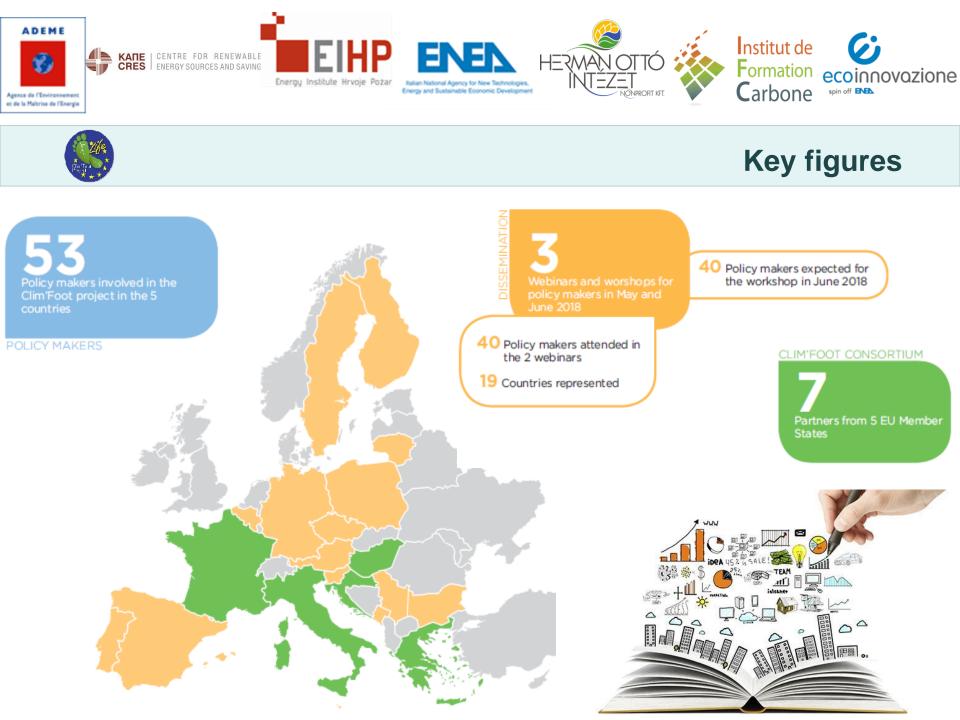
To achieve this general objective, **some activities** have been put in place:

Activities	Description									
-	One for policy makers One for organisations									
Creation of training material	One for policy makers The other for organisations An online Elearning									
Development of emission factors databases	<ul> <li>A methodology for the development of emission factors has been implemented, consistent with ISO 14064, allowing the creation of:</li> <li>→ A database of European emission factors;</li> <li>→ 5 National databases adapted to the context of the partner countries</li> </ul>									
Implementation of voluntary programmes	A voluntary program, depending on the level of maturity of each individual's practices.									
Dissemination	Promotion and dissemination : to allow the diffusion of the results and to initiate a European dynamics around the carbon accounting									
Monitoring	Monitoring and evaluation of the project in terms of socio-economic and environmental impacts									











### CLIMATE GOVERNANCE: IMPLEMENTING PUBLIC POLICIES TO CALCULATE AND REDUCE ORGANIZAZIONS CARBON FOOTPRINT "Clim'Foot"



The Clim'Foot Database: a common methodology for 5 national database

Francesca Reale, Gioia Garavini, Alessandra Zamagni – Ecoinnovazione S.r.l. LIFE14 GIC/FR/000475 – Clim'Foot Final Conference Paris - 14<sup>th</sup> June 2018



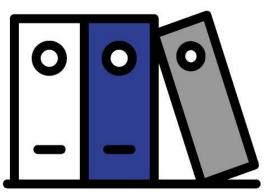






# Which are the more populated sector in our DB?

- RED: agriculture and LULUCF
- Green: Industrial processes and products use
- Orange: transport and energy







- 1. Introduction
- 2. Step forward the definition of a common methodology
- 3. Clim'Foot Database key aspects





# **1. Introduction**

## What is the Carbon Footprint Organization (CFO)?

It is the measure of the total greenhouse gas emissions (GHG) associated directly and indirectly to an organization's activity (CFO (CO2eq) =  $\Sigma$  activity data \* EFs) In the CFO, considered GHG are basically those ones targeted by the Kyoto Protocol

## Why a National Database of EFs?

Data currently available to perform a CFO study mostly address the direct component of the GHG emissions. Moreover, included EFs are only provided with reference to an international scale.

## > Why a common methodology for the Database?

Main aim is to foster all over Europe the use of the standardized methodology for CFO calculation, as well as to allow data exchange when needed





# 2. Step forward the definition of a common methodology

## Analysis of existing database for CFO calculation

#### **Database Selection**

- CF database and Multi-criteria database (Life Cycle Inventory Database)

#### **Analysed aspects**

- Governance of the initiative + Covered sectors
- Methodology for Database Development
- Presentation of towards the end-users
- Data quality management
- Management of the Database

Benchmark of National Database of Carbon Footprint (D.A2.1)

Methodology for constitutign the National Database (D.A2.2)





## > Covered sectors and product categories

#### Sector

Energy

Transport

#### Industrial processes and product use

- Metals
- Chemicals
- Minerals
- Pulp and paper
- Semiconductor productions
- Refrigerants

#### Agriculture

Waste Management

Land use, land use change and forestry (LULUCF)





## Methodology for Database development (1/2)

#### EF for a CFO calculation compliant with the CFO Standard

- Scope 1 and 2 mandatory
- GHG emissions by scope and type of gas
- Characterization factors from IPCC 2013

### **Specific issues for CFO**

- Biogenic carbon to be accounted for but separately
- LULUCF to be accounted for but separately

*CFO Standard:* GHG Protocol (Corporate Accounting & Reporting Standard); ISO 14064 *GHG gas:* CO2, CH4, N2O, HFCs, SF6, PFCs





## Methodology for Database development (2/2)

#### Data collection for EFs definition – main sources used in Clim'Foot

- National Statistic Agencies
- National experts and stakeholder organisations
- IPCC Emission Factor Database
- International organisations publishing statistics
- Existing LCI databases
- LCA study by sector associations and literature

**Sources:** Selected to allow the development of CFO studies including the indirect emissions (e.g. emissions from the production of purchasedproducts/raw materials





## Presentation toward end-users

## Database (IT)

- Access and download (Excel sheet) by registration
- Consultation by a searchable tool

#### Metadata (main fields):

- Name and unique code of Category
- Process name and synonymous
- Data source, creation date and modification date
- Unit, technical description, geographical location and reference year
- Flows + uncertainty + evaluation against quality criteria

Database and metadata: Designed for large public consultation a and transparency





## Data Quality Management

#### Quality criteria (qualitative or quantitative)

- Time representativeness (TiR)
- Technological representativeness (TeR)
- Geographical representativeness (GeR)
- Uncertainty

## Data Quality Rating (DQR) system (proposed in the methodology)

DQR = (TiR + TeR + GeR + U) / 4

**Data Quality criteria and assessment:** Developed to allow a scoring system and to favour the transition from Carbon Database to multicriteria database (for Environmental Footprint)



> Overview	National DB include national EFs + EU EFs							
SECTOR	European EFs	Hungarian EFs	Croatian EFs	Italian EFs	French EFs			
Energy	37	36	40	72	45	67		
Transport	13	282	101	36	73	89		
Industrial Processes and Products use	92	47	14	38	9			
Agriculture		1	6	10	45			
Waste Management	10	11	5	8	10			
LULUCF	$\backslash$	6	6	9				
тот	152	383	172	173	182	156		
	$\bigvee$			2				





# Thank you for the attention

Francesca Reale

f.reale@ecoinnovazione.it



### CLIMATE GOVERNANCE: IMPLEMENTING PUBLIC POLICIES TO CALCULATE AND REDUCE ORGANISATIONS CARBON FOOTPRINT « Clim'Foot »



# National Emission factors Database (DB)

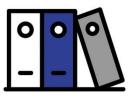
<u>Simona Scalbi</u>

ENEA

Clim'Foot confence Paris 14<sup>th</sup> June 2018



LIFE14 GIC/FR/000475





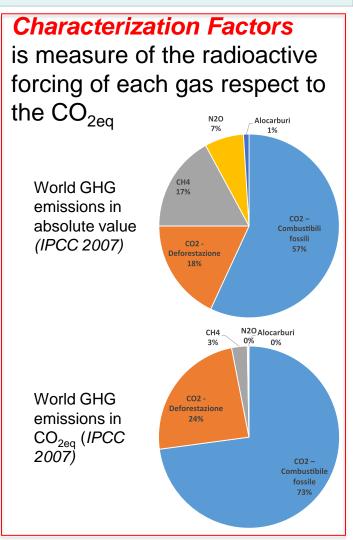


The national databases are developed on excel files

Each file includes six sheets:

- 1. **The Category**: includes the categories for each languages;
- 2. **The National DB**: includes the description of the metadata with the the Efs, the characterized EFs and final value in <sub>CO2eq</sub>
- 3. **The Clim'Foot DB**: includes the EFs downloaded on the website
- 4. **HFC** (Hydro Fluoro Carbon) the Characterization Factors (CFs) of HFSs
- 5. **PFC** (perfluorocarbon) with the CFs of PFCs
- 6. **GHG** is the sheet with the CFs of CO<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>4f</sub>, CH<sub>4b</sub>, N<sub>2</sub>O, SF<sub>6</sub>

# **DATABASE** format



f=fossil b=biogenic





## **DATABASE** format

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1 P	oposition for National DAT	ABASE														Elem	ento
2		name of category (National Language))						Unique code of category		Process Name (English Language)	Synonymous (National language)	Synonymous (English langage)	ClimFOOT ID	Unit (English langage)	CO2	CH4f	inca
4		Livello 1	Livello 2	Livello 3	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3										
5	Selected for Clim'Foot DB ?	ОК	ОК	ОК	ОК	ОК	ОК	ОК	ОК	ОК	ОК	ОК	ОК	ОК	NO	NO	
132		Trasporti	Merci	Strada	Transport	Freight	Road	7B2	Autoveicoli leggeri, benzina, percorso urbano (IT)	Light Duty Vehicles, gasoline, Urban route (IT) Light Duty	Piccoli camioncini	Trucks and vans	IT0097	km	4,96E-01	8,03E-05	
133		Trasporti	Merci	Strada	Transport	Freight	Road	7B2	Autoveicoli leggeri, diesel, percorso urbano (IT)	Vehicles, diesel, urban route (IT) Heavy Duty	Piccoli camioncini	Trucks and vans	IT0098	km	3,20E-01	3,73E-06	
134		Trasporti	Merci	Strada	Transport	Freight	Road	7B2	Autoveicoli pesanti, benzina, percorso urbano (IT)	Trucks, gasoline,	Camion, autoarticolati		IT0099	km	6,13E-01	1,40E-04	
135		Trasporti	Merci	Strada	Transport	Freight	Road	7B2	Autoveicoli pesanti, diesel, percorso urbano (IT)	Trucks, diesel,	Camion, autoarticolati		IT0100	km	8,82E-01	6,41E-05	
136		Trasporti	Persone	Strada	Transport	People	Road	782	Automobili, benzina, percorso extra-urbano (IT)	pasoline, rural pute (IT) Passenger Cars,			IT0101	km	1,39E-01	7,44E-06	
137		Trasporti	Persone	Strada	Transport	People	Road	782	Automobili, diesel, percorso extra- urbano (IT)	diesel, rural route			IT0102	km	1,36E-01	1,29E-07	
138		Trasporti	Persone	Strada	Transport	People	Road	7B2	Automobili, GPL, percorso extra- urbano (IT) Automobili, E85 (85% etanolo +	LPG, rural route			IT0103	km	1,39E-01	3,29E-06	
139		Trasporti	Persone	Strada	Transport	People	Road	7B2	15% benzina), percorso extra- urbano (IT)	E85 (85% ethanol			IT0104	km	2,20E-01	2,69E-06	
140		Trasporti	Persone	Strada	Transport	People	Road	7B2	Automobili, metano, percorso extra urbano (IT)	natural gas, rural route (IT) Passenger Cars,			IT0105	km	1,32E-01	2,56E-05	
141		Trasporti	Persone	Strada	Transport	People	Road	7B2	Automobili, benzina ibrida, percorso extra-urbano (IT)	hybrid gasoline, rural route (IT)			IT0106	km	9,87E-02	0,00E+00	
142		Trasporti	Persone	Strada	Transport	People	Road	7B2	Autobus, diesel, percorso extra- urbano (IT)	Buses, diesel, rura route (IT) Buses, natural			IT0107	km	6,65E-01	2,91E-05	
143		Trasporti	Persone	Strada	Transport	People	Road	7B2	Autobus, metano, percorso extra- urbano (IT)	gas, rural route	Motorini/ scooter		IT0108	km	7,71E-01	1,21E-03	
144		Trasporti	Persone	Strada	Transport	People	Road	782	Motocilici a benzina, percorso extra-urbano (IT)	Mopeds, gasoline, rural route (IT) Motorcycles,	di cilindrata inferiore o uquale Motocilette di		IT0109	km	5,86E-02	8,86E-05	
145		Trasporti	Persone	Strada	Transport	People	Road	782	Ciclomotori a benzina, percorso extra-urbano (IT)	gasoline, rural	cilindrata superiore a 50 cc		IT0110	km	8,64E-02	7,93E-05	
146	Categor	Trasporti v National DB Clin	Merci n'Foot DB	Strada	Transport GHG / Foglio1 /	-	Road	7B2	Autoveicoli leggeri, benzina, percorso extra-urbano (IT)	Vehicles, gasoline,	Piccoli camioncini	Trucks and vans	IT0111	km	2,13E-01	8,74E-06	

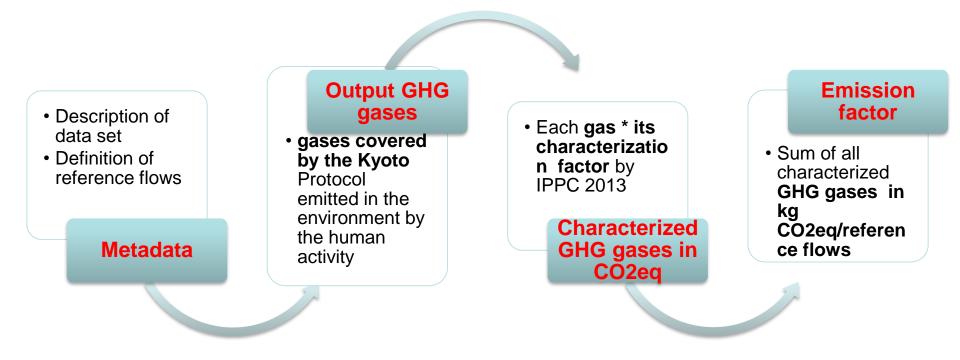




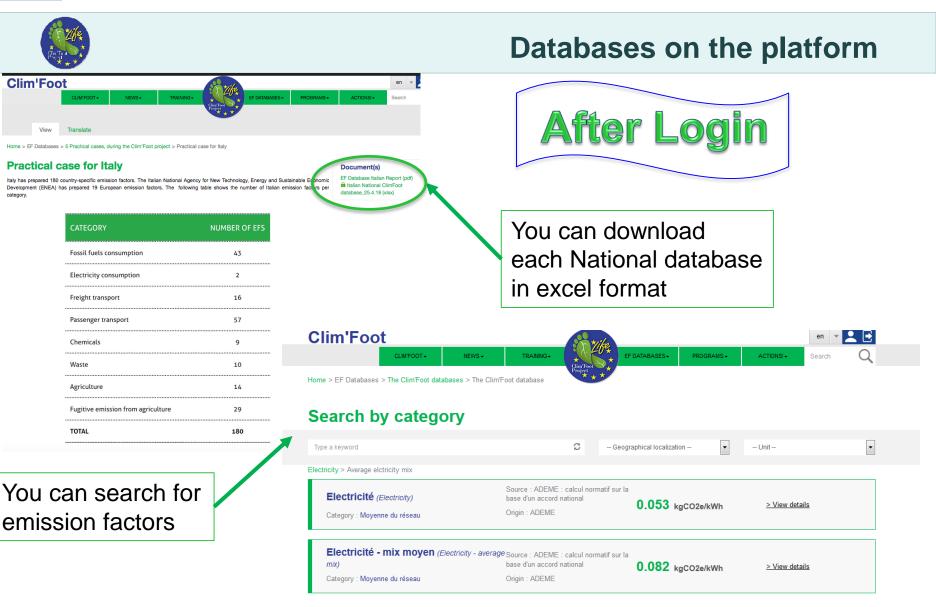
# **Data Set description**

Each emission factor data set represents unit process of human activity that exchanges with the environment GHG emission.

A data set quantifies and describes this activity in terms of emission factors. **The activity can be referred to process/good/service.** 











## **Emission factors developed in the Clim'Foot project**





#### **Reports on National Database construction** 4 reports "National Database of Emission Factors" for Italy, Greek, Hungarian and Croatian was developed. They include : DELIVERABLE A2.2: METHODOLOGY FOR DELIVERABLE C2.2: NATIONAL DATABASE OF UTING THE NATIONAL DATABASE, EMISSION FACTORS, CROATIA technical description for each sector, GREECE EIHP methodology, An same the same data sources, Matadata for the National CHC Databas eliverable for the LIFE Clim Toot projdata quality and uncertainty analysis LIFE CLIM'FOOT DELIVERABLE A2 2: METHODOLOGY FOR CONSTITUTING THE NATIONAL DATABASE, ITAL FNFN Bilans Micegenera rig. 9 D. 200 Budgeet H-1111, Hunge 6 Digiteering Process + 36 1 403 2615, Fac. + 36 1 465 1762 GES ntre de ressources sur les bilans de gaz à effet de serre DASE CARDONE V. 1. BELANS EN LISTNE V. DODUM N The French database was already developed 00 La comptabilité carbone before the Clim'Foot project - the Base Scope 1 : émissions directes (et amont des co Scope 2 : émissions indirectes - énergie Scope 3 : émissions indirectes - autres Ø Poste 1\*, 2\* et 8 Carbone<sup>®</sup> contains 2147 emission factors

with a full documentation.

÷.

\*

Réseau de chaleur et de froid

Poste 3\* et 4\* poste 5\*

moste 6\* et 8

poste 7\* poste 12 et 18 ostes 13, 17 et 20



## Data source used

The main source of the National database was the National Inventory Report in particular for Italy, Greece, Hungary and Croatian

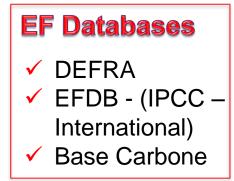
# Other sources





- Ecoinvent,
  - Leap
     Database

Litterature data



Environmental Product Declaration - EPD studies





# Identifying the list of EFs - different approaches

- **Greece, Italy and Croatia** have developed first the mandatory sectors and during the voluntary programme have added new EFs, where available, to fulfil the need of end-user.
- **Hungary** have identified before the need of the end-user and after developed Hungarian national databases.





# Main results and consideration

The development of national DB requires a lot of time, about 8 months 1 year.

# Advantages of the materials and tools developed by Clim'Foot project

- The use of the same methodology and format for DB creation has permitted to share EFs among the partners.
- The reports on "<u>National Database of Emission Factors</u>" have permitted to exchange information about the partners to answer at some issues on EFs calculation
- Who want create of new DB can start with a set of EFs jet developed and can concentrate only on new specific EFs for their country.







## Which are the more populated sector in our DB?

- RED: agriculture and LULUCF
- Green: Industrial processes and products







# Thank you for the attentions

# Contact: simona.scalbi@enea.it





#### CLIMATE GOVERNANCE: IMPLEMENTING PUBLIC POLICIES TO CALCULATE AND REDUCE ORGANISATIONS CARBON FOOTPRINT « Clim'Foot »

#### Final conference of the LIFE Clim'Foot project



# The Bilan Carbone<sup>®</sup> Clim'Foot tool: an adaptation of the tool / EIHP's carbon footprint

Željko Jurić and Leila Luttenberger, Energy Institute Hrvoje Požar (EIHP)

> LIFE14 GIC/FR/000475 Paris – June 14, 2018







#### Content

- Introduction quiz
- Adaptation of the French Bilan Carbone<sup>®</sup> tool
- National database of emission factors
- Description of the Bilan Carbone<sup>®</sup> Clim'Foot tool
- Example EIHP's carbon footprint calculation
- Conclusion



- Could you guess the annual amount of carbon footprint per employee for EIHP in 2017, using national Bilan Carbone<sup>®</sup> Clim'Foot tool?
  - more than 10 t CO<sub>2</sub>e/employee
  - between 5 and 10 t CO<sub>2</sub>e/employee
  - less than 5 t CO<sub>2</sub>e/employee





Adaptation of the French Bilan Carbone® tool

- The main objectives of LIFE Clim'Foot project for Croatia:
  - development of the national tool for CF calculation of organizations → translating and adapting the French Bilan Carbone<sup>®</sup> tool to the Croatian conditions
  - preparation of the national emission factor database and integration of database in the tool
  - implementation of the national Bilan Carbone<sup>®</sup> Clim'Foot tool on at least 10 organizations









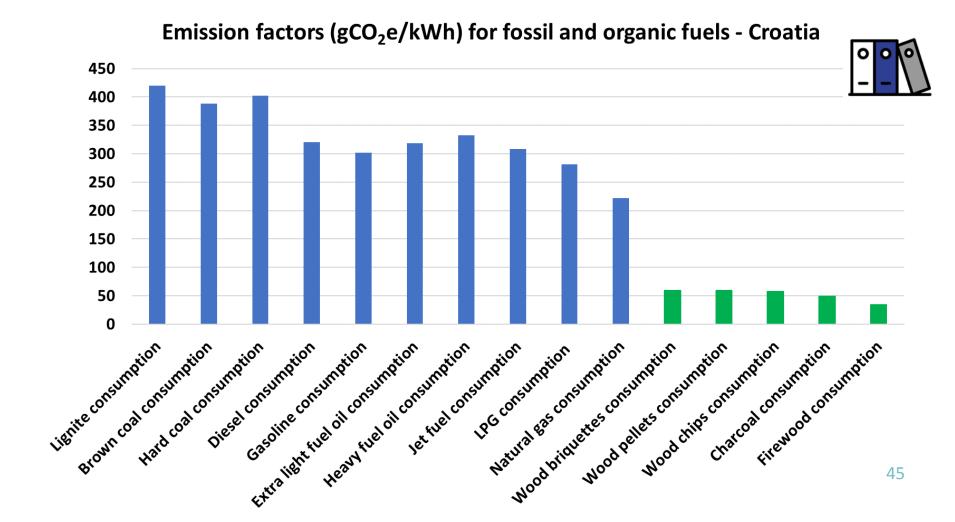


# National database of emission factors

- Completion of the National database of emission factors (EFs) is one of the key project activities
- National database (172 national and 150 EU EFs):
  - subcontractor (EKONERG) has developed 132 country-specific EFs
  - EIHP has developed 40 country-specific EFs
  - EIHP has prepared 35 EU EFs
  - EFs are harmonised in accordance with ENEA's recommendations
- Deliverable C2.2: Croatian database of EFs description of national emission factors:
  - methodology, technical description, method for determination of EFs, data quality and uncertainty analysis



### **Examples of country-specific EFs**





# **ISO** standards and GHG protocol

- The principles, concepts and methods, implemented in the tool, follow the ISO standards (ISO 14064 & ISO/TR 14069) and GHG protocol
- International standards define **3 scopes**:

 $CF_{O} = DE_{S1} + IE_{S2} + IE_{S3}$ 

 $CF_o$  – carbon footprint of organization (t CO<sub>2</sub>e)

 $IE_{S3}$ 

- $DE_{S1}$  direct GHG emissions (t CO<sub>2</sub>e) occur on-site (Scope 1)
- *IE*<sub>s2</sub> indirect GHG emissions (t CO<sub>2</sub>e) occur off-site,
   consumption of electricity, heating/cooling (Scope 2)
  - indirect GHG emissions (t CO<sub>2</sub>e) occur off-site,
     connected to flows of people and materials (Scope 3)

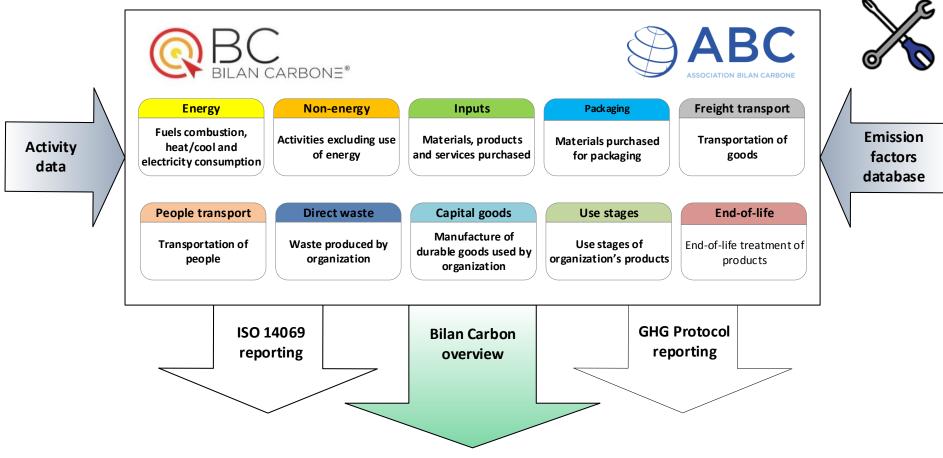








### **Bilan Carbone® Clim'Foot tool**





#### Structure of the tool

#### Bilan Carbone<sup>®</sup> Clim'Foot tool:

 Red sheets – input of activity data, uncertainties and emission reduction targets per activity (short- and long-term)



- Orange sheets emission factors and utilities (conversion of physical units, statistical data...)
- Yellow sheets results of calculation: CO<sub>2</sub>e overview, GHG Protocol and ISO/TR 14069 extractions
- Green sheet graphs

Emissions Factors

CO2e overview

GHG Protocol

SO 14069

Utilities

Graphs

Bilan Carbone® reporting period / yea Organisation Nam Site Nam Selected approach (ISO 14069 & GHG Protoco	e e		BC BILAN CARBONE®	
Emission sources title (can be changed)	To go to the tab	Tab names (CAN'T be changed)	Description of emission sources (can be customized)	
Energy	Energy	Energy 1	Fossil fuels and electricity	
Non-energy	Non-energy	Non-energy 1	Activities excluding use of energy	
Inputs	Inputs	Inputs	Materials, products and services purchased	
Future Packaging	Future Packaging	Future Packaging	Materials, products and services purchased for packaging	
Freight	Freight	Freight	Transportation of goods	
Transporting people	Transporting people	Transporting people	Transporting people	
Direct waste	Direct waste	Direct waste	Waste produced by the entity	
Capital goods	Capital goods	Capital goods	The manufacture of durable goods used by the entity	
Use stages	Use stages	Use stages	The use stages of the product or service sold or distributed	
End-of-Life	End-of-Life	End-of-Life	End-of-life treatment of products sold or distributed	

Utilities

List of emissions factors used

Extraction of results for GHG Protocol reporting

extraction of results for ISO/TR 14069:2013 reportin

Results in CO2 equivalent

Graphs with results in CO2e

Emissions factors

CO2e overview

GHG Protocol

ISO 14069

Graphs

Utilities

missions Factors

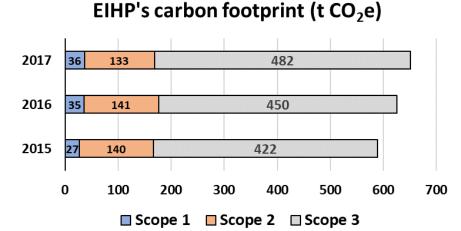
GHG Protocol

O 14069

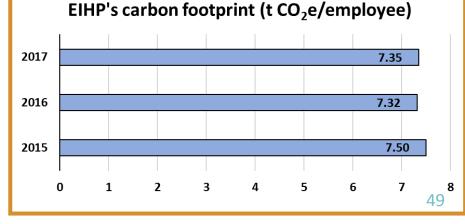


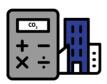
# EIHP's CF for the period from 2015 to 2017

- The national Bilan Carbone<sup>®</sup> Clim'Foot tool was tested on the EIHP:
  - EIHP's CF for 2015: 589 t CO<sub>2</sub>e (number of employees: 78.5); 2016:
     626 t CO<sub>2</sub>e (employees: 85.5); 2017: 651 t CO<sub>2</sub>e (employees: 88.5)
  - Scope 1: 4.6-5.7%
  - Scope 2: 20.4-23.7%
  - Scope 3: **71.7-74.0%**



#### Answer on the quiz question!

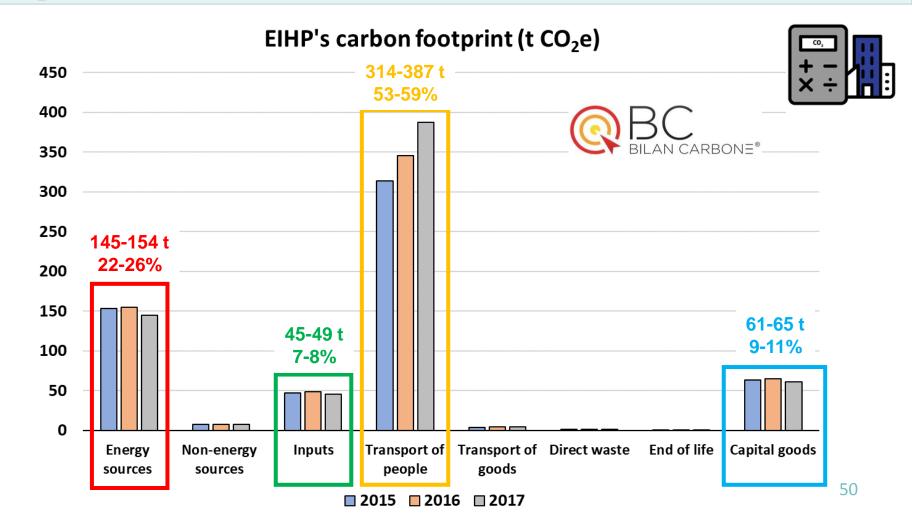






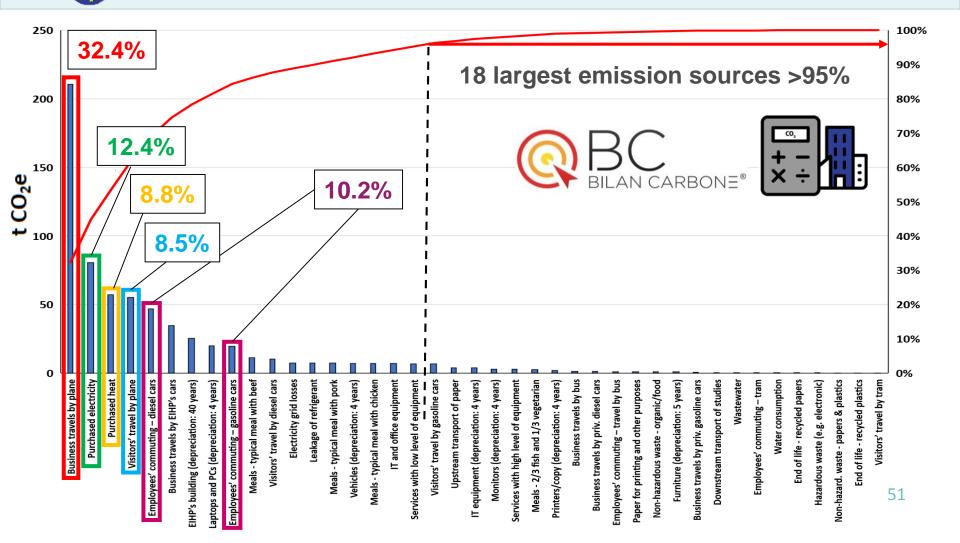


#### Contribution of source categories in EIHP's CF





#### Key sources analysis of EIHP's CF for 2017

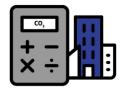




# Conclusion

- Goal: climate change mitigation
  - 1<sup>st</sup> step: carbon footprint calculation
    - to identify activities that significantly contribute to the GHG emissions
    - to choose a set of cost-effective measures for CFO reduction
  - 2<sup>nd</sup> step: **preparation of the Action plan** for carbon footprint reduction
  - 3<sup>rd</sup> step: implementation of the Action plan
    - GHG emission reduction and climate change mitigation
    - facilitate the fulfilment of the Paris agreement











## Thank you for your attention!



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#### CLIMATE GOVERNANCE: IMPLEMENTING PUBLIC POLICIES TO CALCULATE AND REDUCE ORGANISATIONS CARBON FOOTPRINT « Clim'Foot »



# Final conference of the Clim'Foot project Trainings

François Kornmann - IFC Lóránt Riesz — HOI LIFE14 GIC/FR/000475 Paris — June 14, 2018





# What <u>seemed</u> to be difficult parts of the CFO for the participants during the trainings?

Red: Very difficult

**Green: Pretty easy** 

To identify perimeters of an organisation
 To understand the principles and the steps of CFO
 To use the Bilan Carbone Clim'Foot Tool



## **Trainings preparation**



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### **Trainings preparation**



**On-line** 



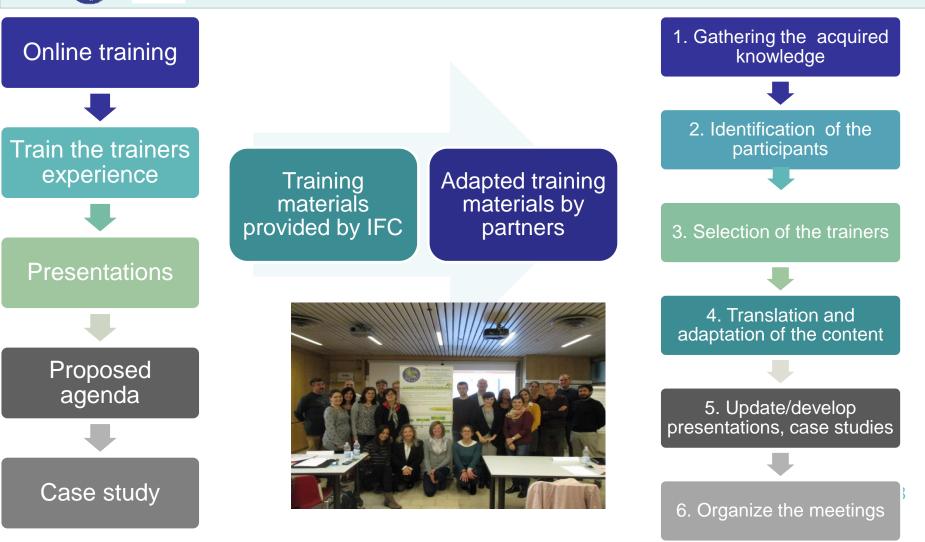
**Train the trainers** 



# **End users training**

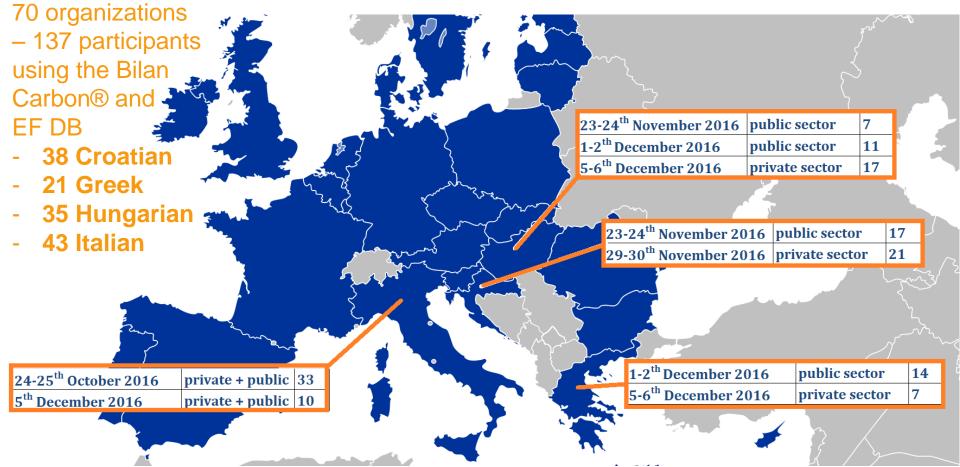








### **End-user trainings technical details**









# **Training program - Agenda**





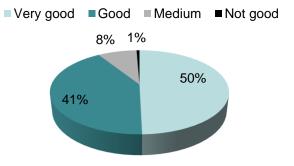
#### **Our experience**



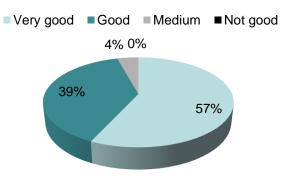


#### **End-users' evaluation**

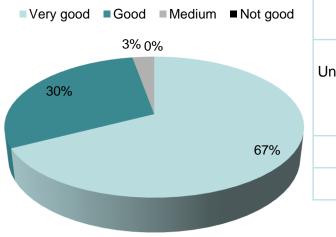
#### Quality of the content



#### **Expertise of the trainers**



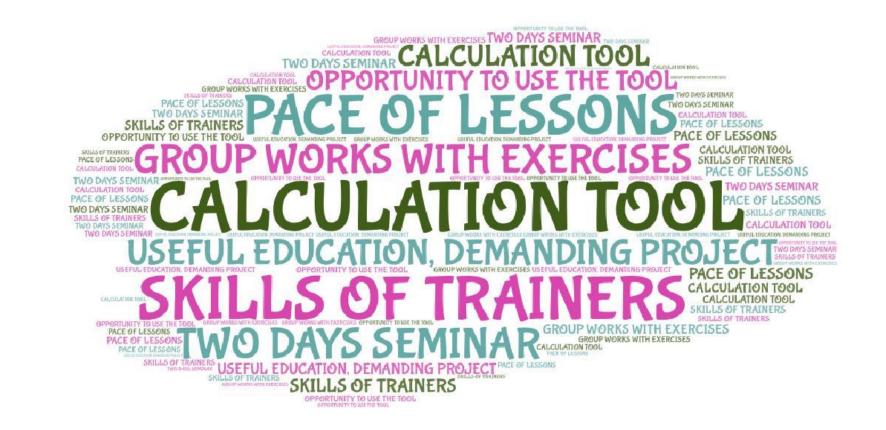
#### **Overall evaluation**



d		Absolutely	Partially agree	Not really	Not at all
	Understanding the principles, Steps of CFO, Results of CFO, Actions to reduce CFO	58%	38%	4%	0%
	Using Bilan Carbone	24%	54%	18%	3%
	Able to prepare first CFO	22%	57%	21%	1%



#### **End-users' feedbacks - Strengths**





# \*\*\*\*

### **End-users' feedbacks - Suggestions**







# Thank you for your attention!

For further information:

# http://climfoot-project.eu/en/trainings-developed-clim'footproject

François Kornmann – IFC, francois.kornmann@if-carbone.com Lóránt Riesz – HOI, riesz.lorant@hoi.hu



#### CLIMATE GOVERNANCE: IMPLEMENTING PUBLIC POLICIES TO CALCULATE AND REDUCE ORGANISATIONS CARBON FOOTPRINT « Clim'Foot »



# **Voluntary programmes**

LIFE14 GIC/FR/000475 Paris – June 14, 2018

Louiza Papamikrouli – CRES





#### **Opportunities from joining the voluntary programme**

# What is the main opportunity for organizations joining the voluntary programme?

Potential certification according to international standards

Networking with similar organizations

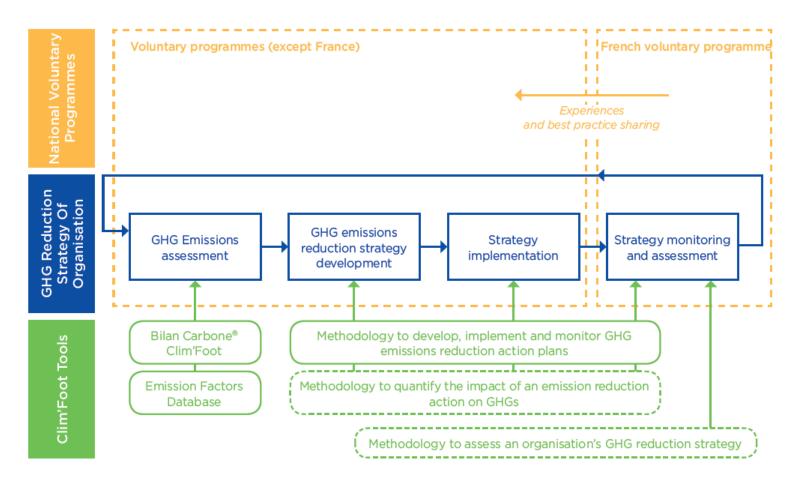
Enhancement of public image and trade mark values/ improvement of CSR/ green publicity





#### Voluntary programmes in 5 different countries

#### Clim'Foot and the GHG reduction strategy







### Elements of the voluntary programme in HR, HU, GR & IT

Selection of organizations (contact database and public "call for interest") – decision matrix

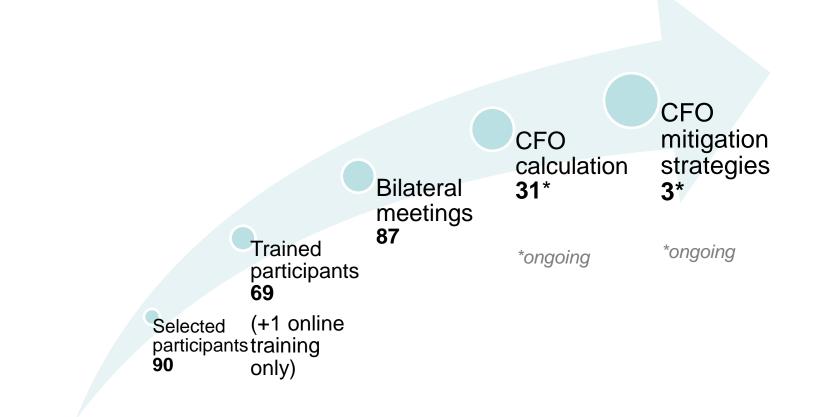
Training of organizations and consultants (8 - 10 hours courses in each country)

Technical support to the CFO calculation (perimeter identification, data collection, actual calculation)

Technical support to the setting/assessment of mitigation actions/plan definition



#### The voluntary programme at a glance



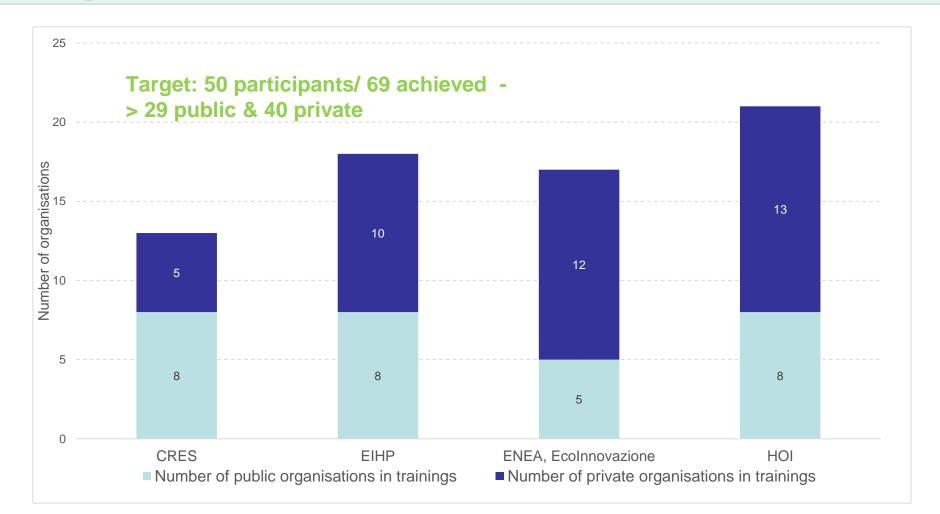


#### 1. Selected participants per partner



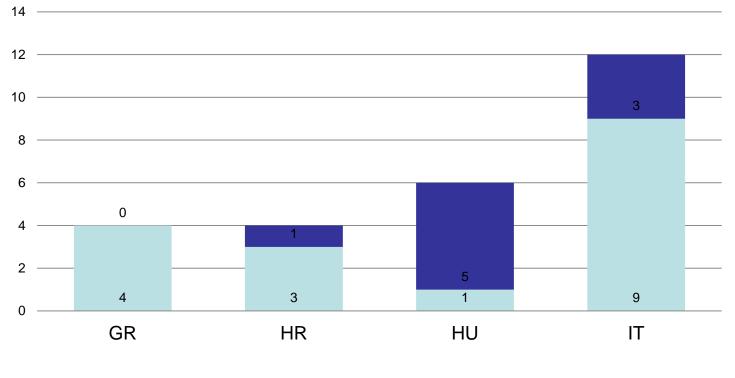


#### 2. Total number of organisations in trainings





#### **Types of private organizations – size**



SME Large





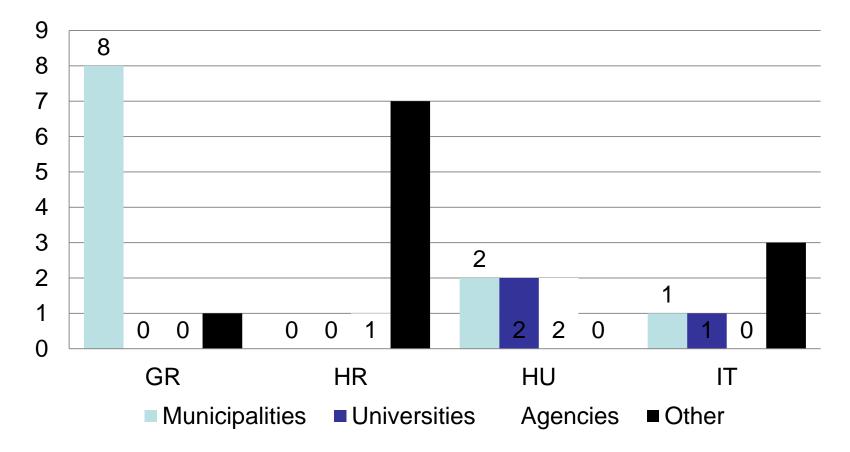
#### **Types of private organizations – sectors**

	SMEs	LARGE
HR	Energy and environmental consulting	Information and communication
		Electric industry
		Tourism
HU	Bioenergy	Industry (food, automotive plastic, pumps)
GR	Industry (food, aluminum)	
	Construction & management	
IT	Services	Pharmaceutical & cosmetic
	Construction	Packaging
	Pharmaceutical & cosmetic	Textile
	Agriculture	





#### Type of public organizations







### 3. Support through bilateral meetings & on site visits





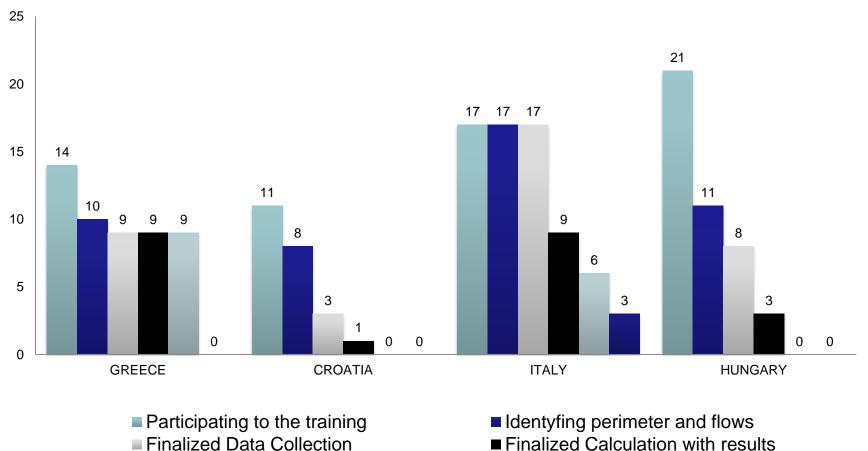


Important part of the Voluntary Programme to address difficulties





#### 4. Involvement in the programme



- Finalized Data Collection
- Finalized Report

Mitigation Action Definition





#### Voluntary programme SWOT

Strengths	Weaknesses			
<ul> <li>Private organizations</li> <li>Capacity building of personnel</li> <li>Customer request with relation to CFO</li> <li>Free internal monitoring tool</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Difficulty in data collection (particularly for public organizations)</li> <li>Time shortage</li> <li>Difficulty in the use of the tool by non expert/ trained personnel</li> </ul>			
<ul> <li>Public Organizations</li> <li>Usefully tool for the elaboration of SECAPs</li> <li>1<sup>st</sup> step for environment protection and climate action</li> </ul>				
action				
Opportunities	Threats			
	<ul> <li>Threats</li> <li>Timely process that needs constant support by management</li> </ul>			
<ul> <li>Opportunities</li> <li>Potential certification according to international</li> </ul>	Timely process that needs constant support			



#### **Further information**

#### Thank you for your attention Louiza Papamikrouli – CRES

For a country specific question:

Greece CRES, lpapamik@cres.gr Croatia EIHP, zjuric@eihp.hr Hungary HOI, riesz.lorant@hoi.hul

Italy ENEA, simona.scalbi@enea.it / Ecoinnovazione, smart-eco@ecoinnovazione.it

www.climfoot-project.eu



#### CLIMATE GOVERNANCE: IMPLEMENTING PUBLIC POLICIES TO CALCULATE AND REDUCE ORGANISATIONS CARBON FOOTPRINT « Clim'Foot »

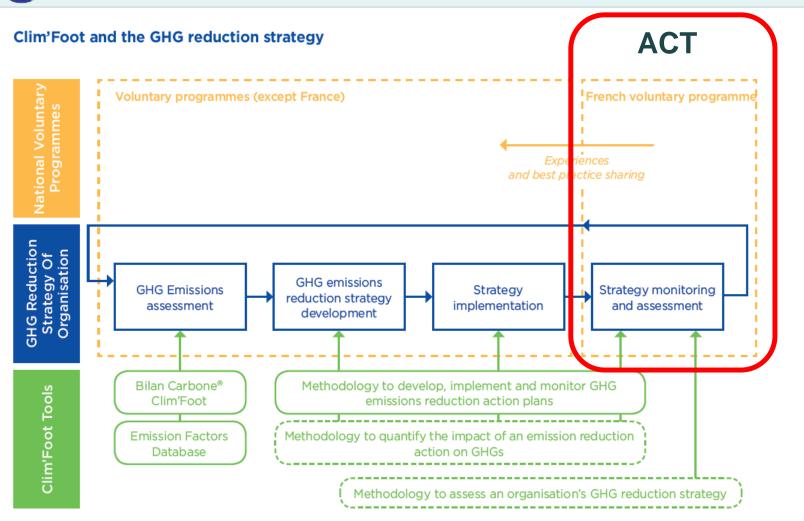
# Final conference of the Clim'Foot project

Edouard Fourdrin (ADEME) LIFE14 GIC/FR/000475 Paris – June 14, 2018





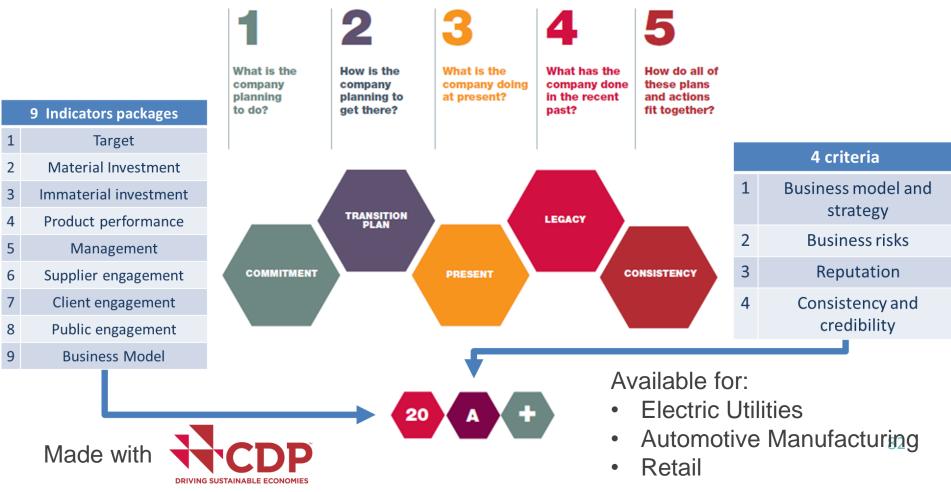






### **ACT - Principles and methodology**

#### How can we know if a company is ready for the low-carbon transition?





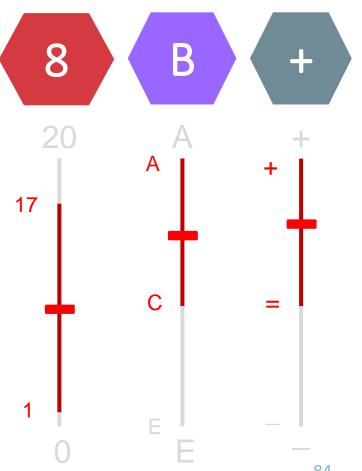
#### French voluntary programme - Companies





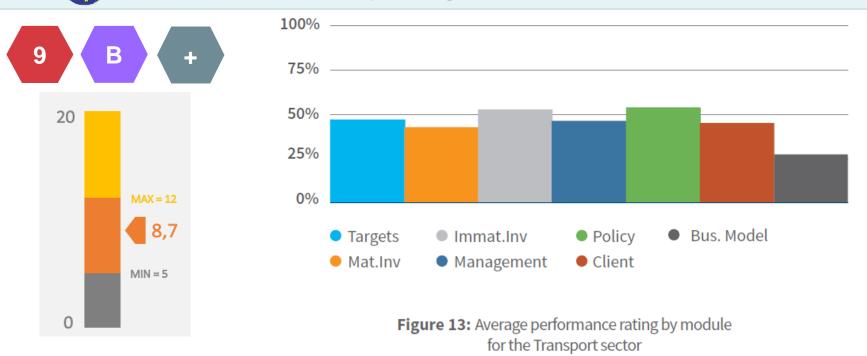
### French voluntary programme – Overall results

- Large amplitude on performance score :
  - Heterogeneous maturity
  - Large amplitude from one sector to another (from 6/20 to 16/20)
- Assessment score quite good
- Trend score
  - Opposite to performance score
- Assessment feedback contains an average number of 6 recommendations to progress





#### **French voluntary programme – Example of transports**



The performance score is medium

- Companies have defined action plans (linked with french initative on transport and climate)
- But there is no real strategy on carbon transition

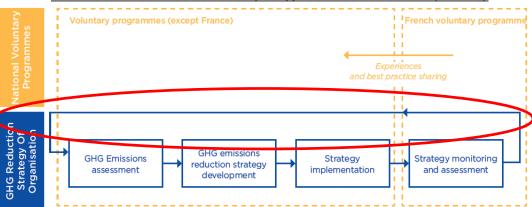




French voluntary programme – Feedbacks

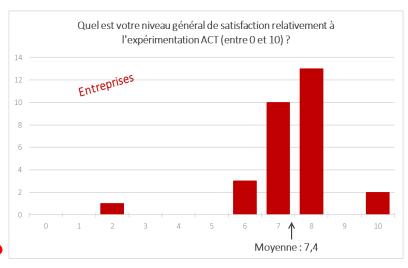
On the ground

- 5 d.m per company / 4 d.m per consultant
- Strong expectation regarding recommendations and advisory support to progress on climate strategy after assessment
- ACT Method
  - Reflect a true picture of companies' climate strategy (79%)
- Is seen as a relevant progress standard (85%)



ACT Tools

- Operational and useful even if some fine tunings are need due to the infancy of the tools.
- Need more didactic materials



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### **ACT – Perspectives**

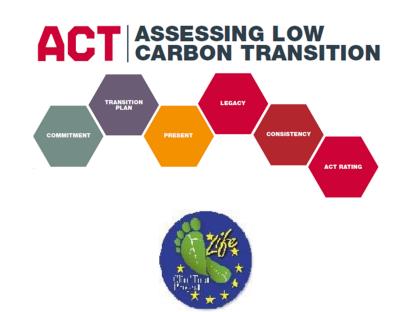
- Develop governance and business model(s)
- Launch of the ACT campaign (summer 2018)
  - Recruitment of 100 companies
  - Different levels of engagement for companies :
    - Assessment
    - Communication
    - Progression
    - Develop new sectoral methodologies
  - Involve more the financial sphere (investors)
- Development of new methodologies (building sector in 2018)
- Development of trainings (ABC)
- Launch of an ACT and DDPP project in Brazil and Mexico in 2019



Thank you http://actproject.net

**More information** 

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@CDP: pedro.faria@cdp.net & lukas.brochard@cdp.net & esther.stoakes@cdp.net





#### CLIMATE GOVERNANCE: IMPLEMENTING PUBLIC POLICIES TO CALCULATE AND REDUCE ORGANISATIONS CARBON FOOTPRINT « Clim'Foot »



LIFE14 GIC/FR/000475 Paris – June 14, 2018





#### CLIMATE GOVERNANCE: IMPLEMENTING PUBLIC POLICIES TO CALCULATE AND REDUCE ORGANISATIONS CARBON FOOTPRINT « Clim'Foot »



Clémence Gracia (ADEME) & Jouairyatou Wague (ABC) LIFE14 GIC/FR/000475 Paris – June 14, 2018







#### **Demonstration**

What can you find on this cooperation platform?

All the information about the project and 5 national emission factor databases ...

... and the Bilan Carbone<sup>®</sup> Clim'Foot tool, training material for supporting CFO calculation and action plan definition...

... and also new national databases from countries outside of the project



#### Material developed during the project

Free online training		Onsite training material datab		on factor bases	Methodology for building EF database
Free calculation tool	Methodology for assessing carbon footprint		Methodology for defining a reduction action plan		Information about our voluntary programmes
2 toolboxes: one for end-users, one for policy makers		Coope platf	eration form	Way to join us	

One place: <u>http://www.climfoot-project.eu/</u>



#### Location of the toolboxes

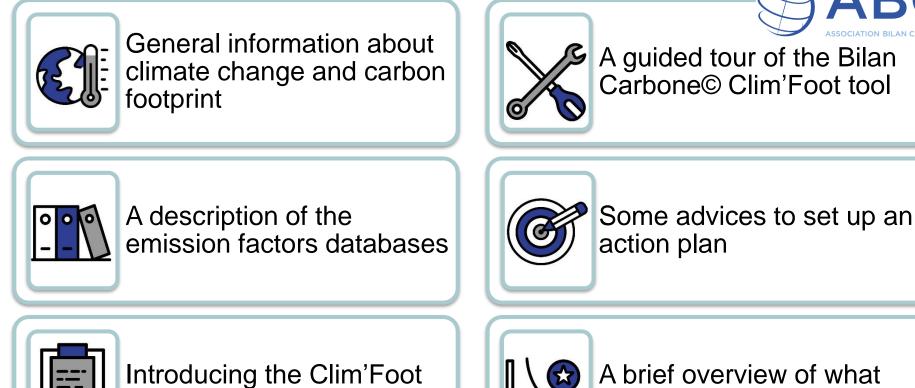


#### What is the project?

Clim'Foot is a European project to calculate greenhouse gas emissions produced by companies and entities founded by programme LIFE 2014-2020.



#### **Description of the end-users toolbox**



trainings



you can do next



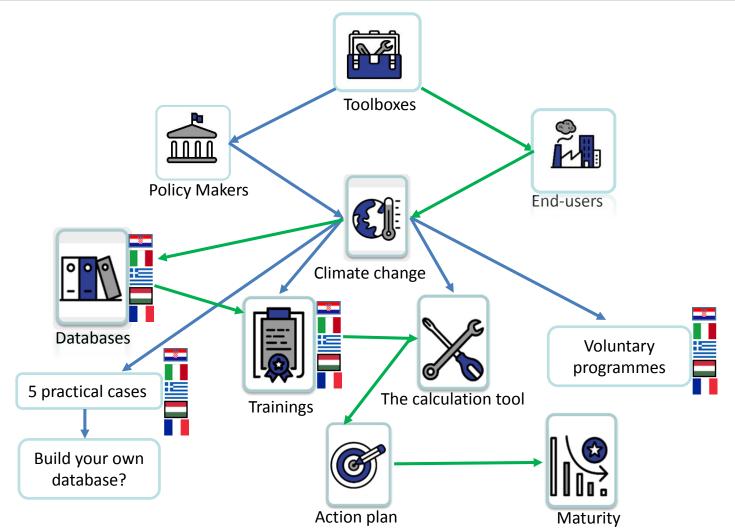
#### **Description of the policy makers toolbox**







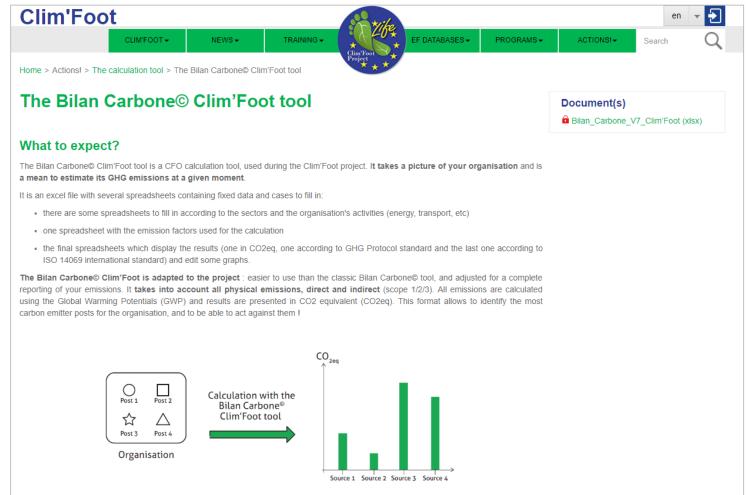
#### A common ground with specific pathways







#### CONTENT

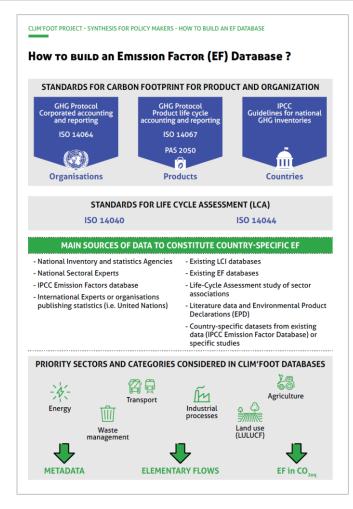


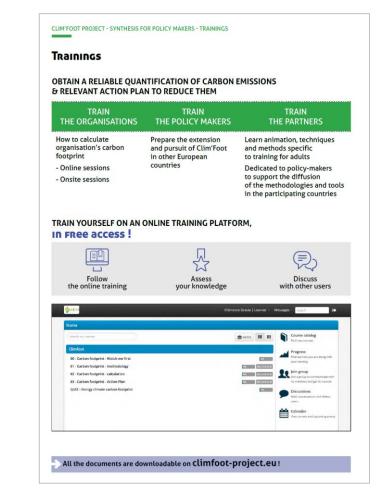
Principles of carbon accounting

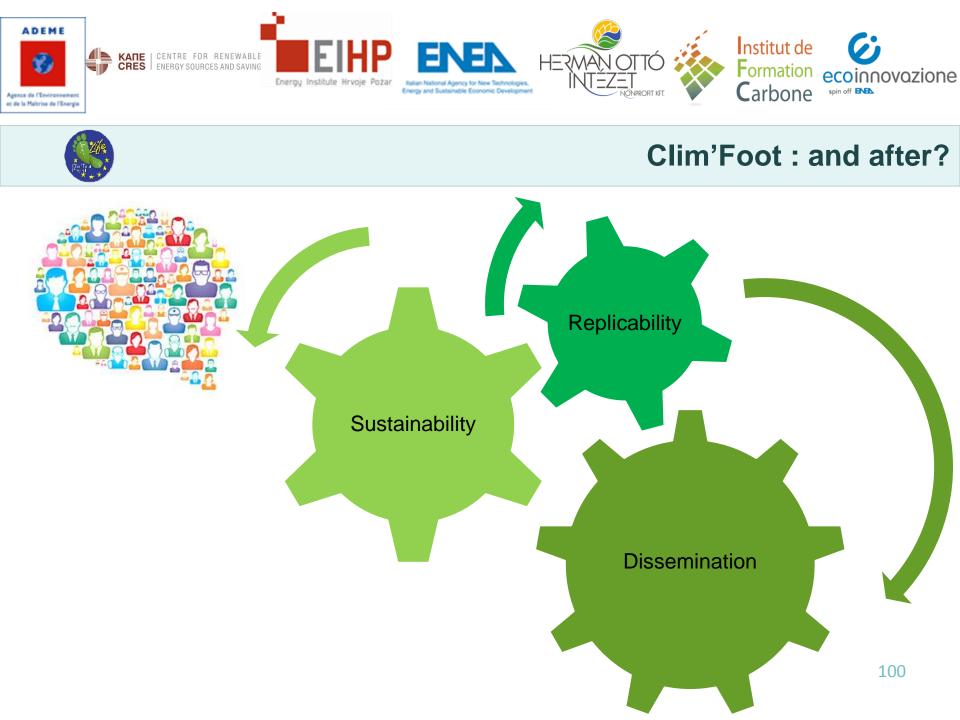




#### For each part, a synthesis sheet was produced for policy makers

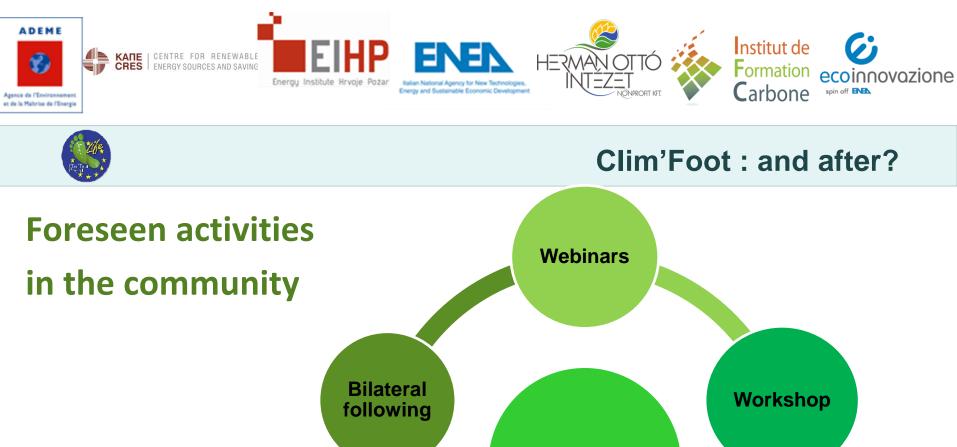


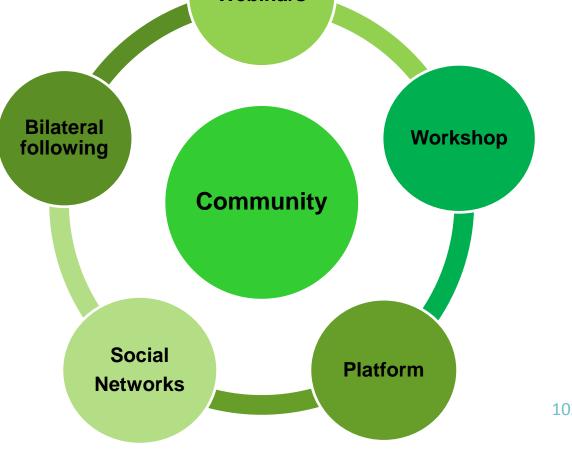














#### **Clim'Foot : and after?**

• To share and have information:



Linked in

 Approx
 Approx</t

The cooperation platform

@ClimFoot

Clim'Foot community: building a lowcarbon Europe

https://www.linkedin.com/groups/121201 81 http://www.climfootproject.eu/en

• To ask question to the Clim'Foot project team: <a href="mailto:climfoot.contact@ademe.fr">climfoot.contact@ademe.fr</a>





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... and the Bilan Carbone<sup>®</sup> Clim'Foot tool, training material for supporting CFO calculation and action plan definition...

... and also new national databases from countries outside of the project





## Grazie, ευχαριστώ, Hvala, Köszönöm, Merci

## http://www.climfoot-project.eu/

# Clim'Foot project: a complete kit to act against climate change

# Are you interested in the Clim'Foot project? Time to vote!

